



Comment la lumière joue avec la matière ? Avec l'optique non linéaire !

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Auditorium BU Sciences UJF - Mardi 17 novembre 2015

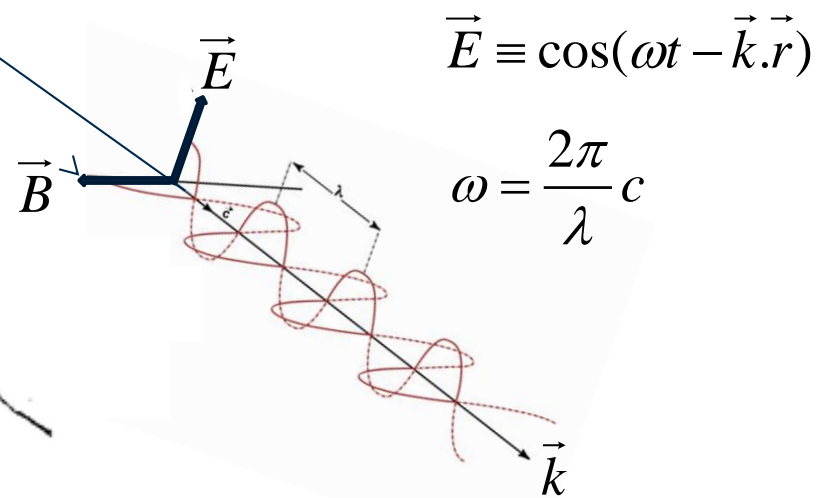
The nature of light : a wave - a particle

PHOTON

Energy = $\hbar\omega$
Momentum = $\hbar\vec{k}$
Polarization \vec{E}

Connection
between classical
and quantum

ELECTRO-MAGNETIC WAVE



$$\vec{E} \equiv \cos(\omega t - \vec{k} \cdot \vec{r})$$

$$\omega = \frac{2\pi}{\lambda} c$$

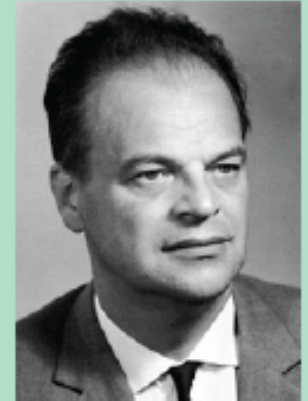
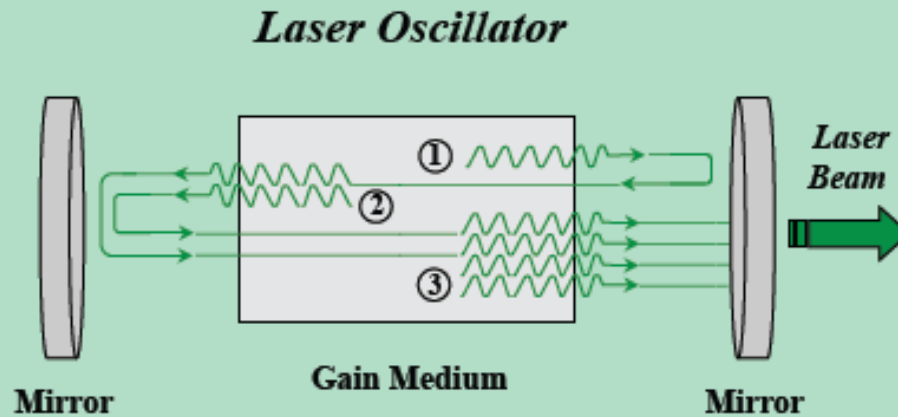
1960, The invention of LASER



Charles Townes
1915-2015
(Nobel Prize, 1964)



Arthur Schawlow
1921-1999
(Nobel Prize, 1981)



Nicolay Basov
1922-2001
(Nobel Prize, 1964)



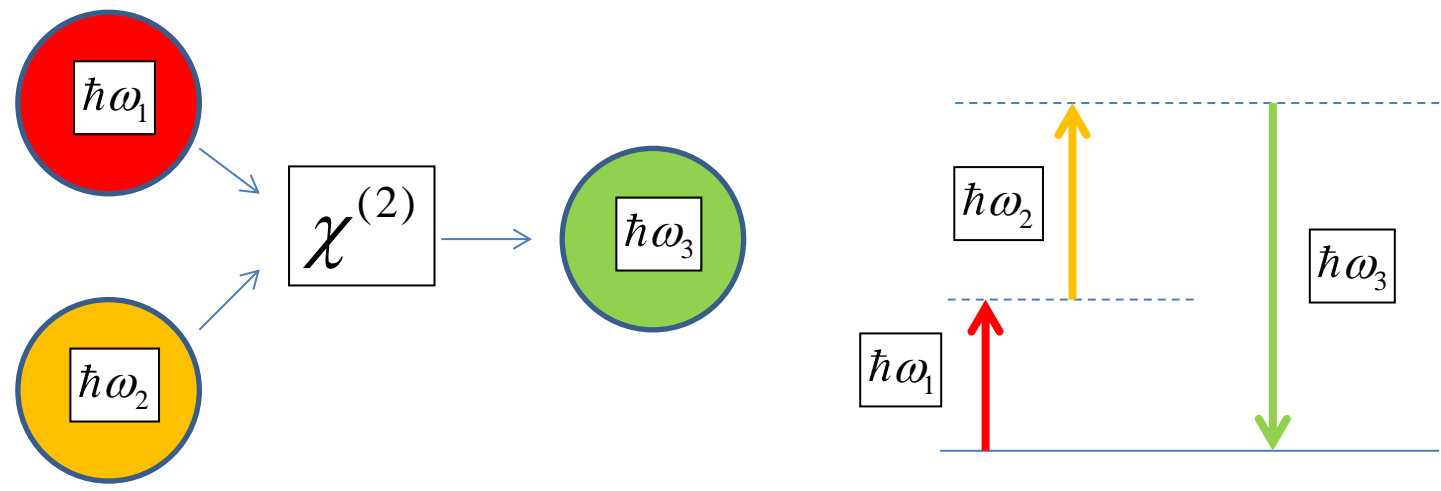
Aleksander Prokhorov
1916-2002
(Nobel Prize, 1964)

- *Coherent*
- *High Intensity*
- *Directional*
- *Monochromatic*



Nonlinear three-photon processes

Fusion of two photons \longleftrightarrow Sum-Frequency Generation (SFG)
(Up conversion)



Energy conservation

$$\hbar\omega_1 + \hbar\omega_2 = \hbar\omega_3$$

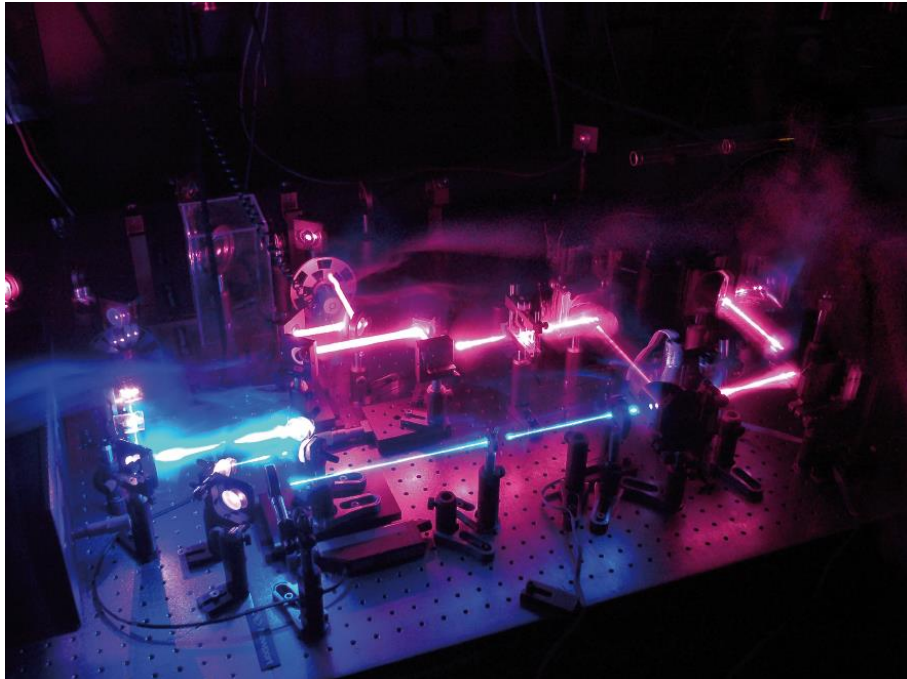
$\omega_1 = \omega_2$ in the case of
Second Harmonic
Generation (SHG)

Momentum conservation

$$\hbar k_1 + \hbar k_2 = \hbar k_3$$

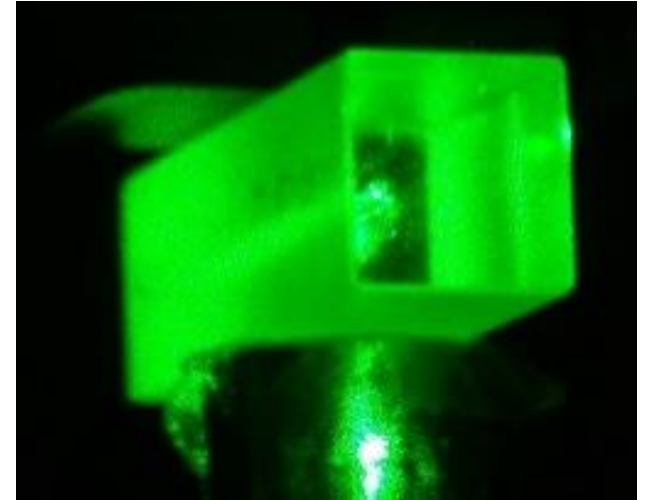
Second harmonic generation experiments

From red to blue



$$\omega + \omega = 2\omega$$

From invisible to visible

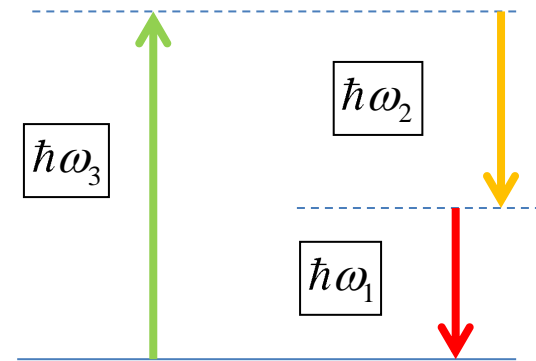
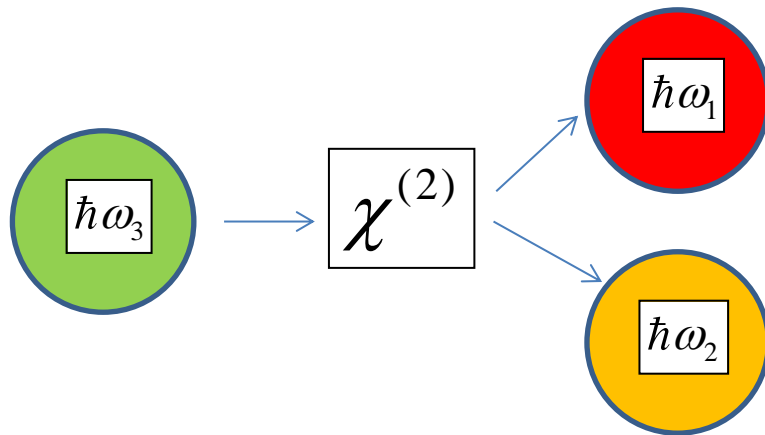


A revolution in medicine : ophthalmology, dermatology, etc.

Spontaneous splitting
of one photon into two



Parametric Fluorescence
(Down conversion)



Energy conservation

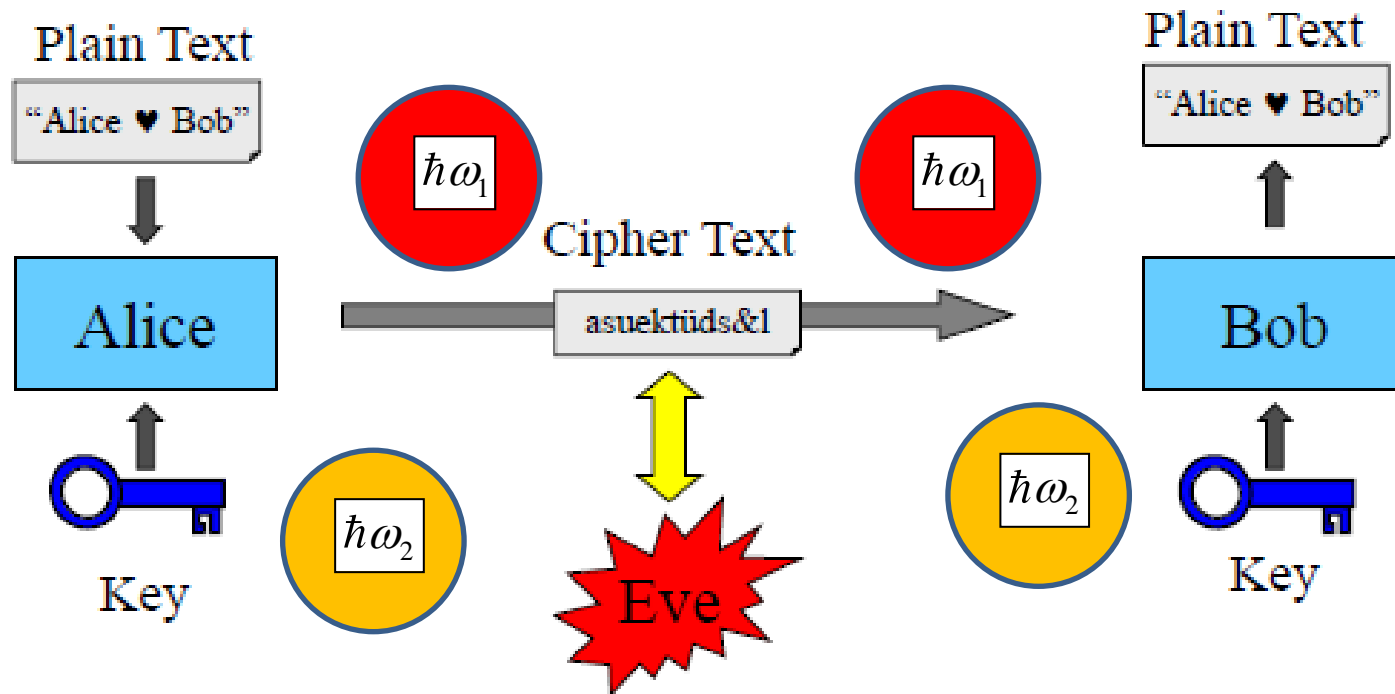
$$\hbar\omega_3 = \hbar\omega_1 + \hbar\omega_2$$

Momentum conservation

$$\hbar k_3 = \hbar k_1 + \hbar k_2$$

The exact reverse of
two-photon fusion

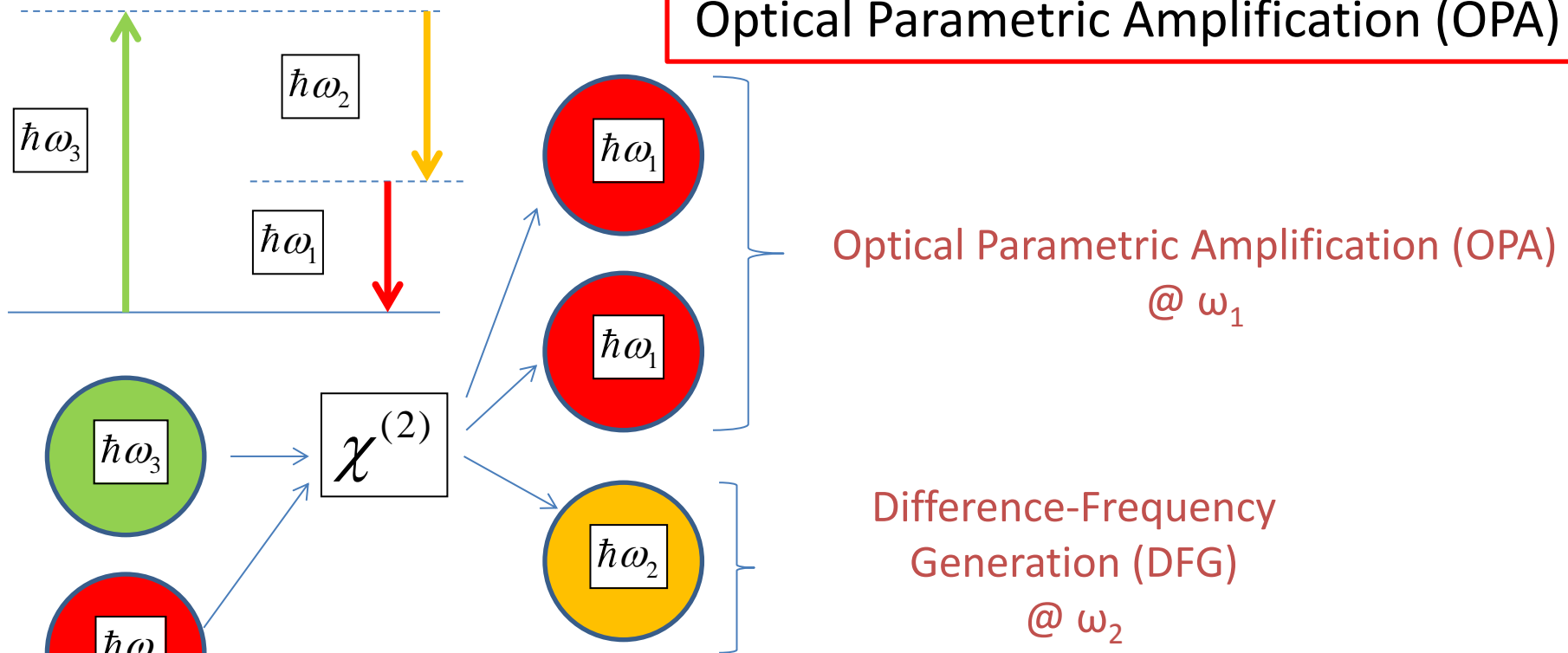
Example of quantum cryptography using photon pairs



- Secure communication between Alice and Bob
- The spy, Eve, tries to read the encoded message

Stimulated splitting
of one photon into two

Difference-Frequency Generation (DFG)
(Down conversion)
Optical Parametric Amplification (OPA)



$$\hbar\omega_3 = \hbar\omega_1 + \hbar\omega_2$$

$$\hbar k_3 = \hbar k_1 + \hbar k_2$$

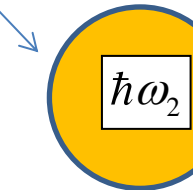
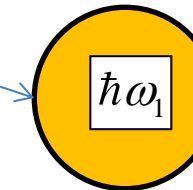
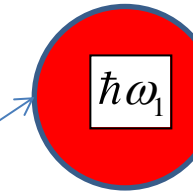
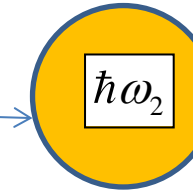
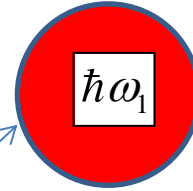
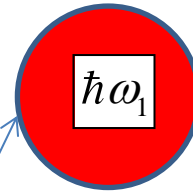
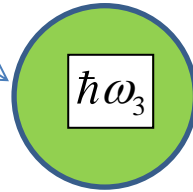
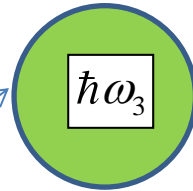
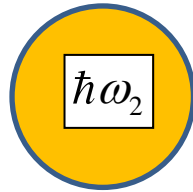
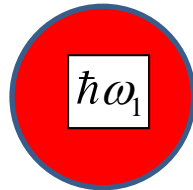
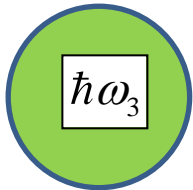
Idem for a stimulation
@ ω_2

Cascading
of spontaneous and stimulated splitting



Optical Parametric Generation (OPG)

$$\hbar\omega_3 = \hbar\omega_1 + \hbar\omega_2$$



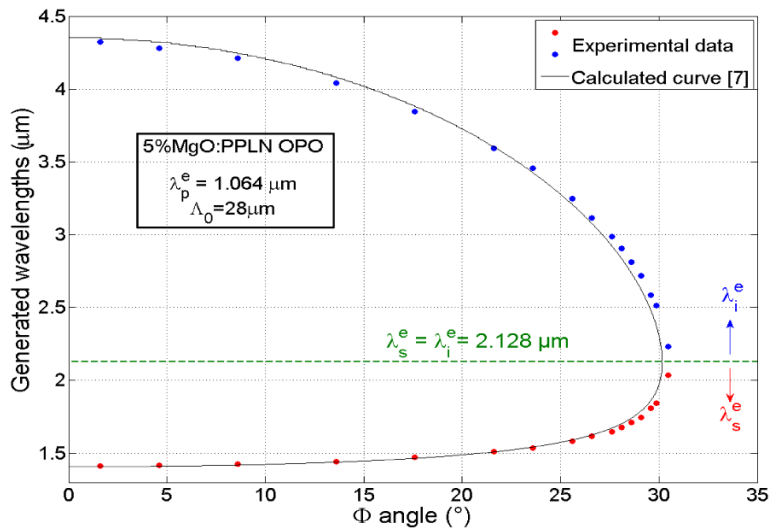
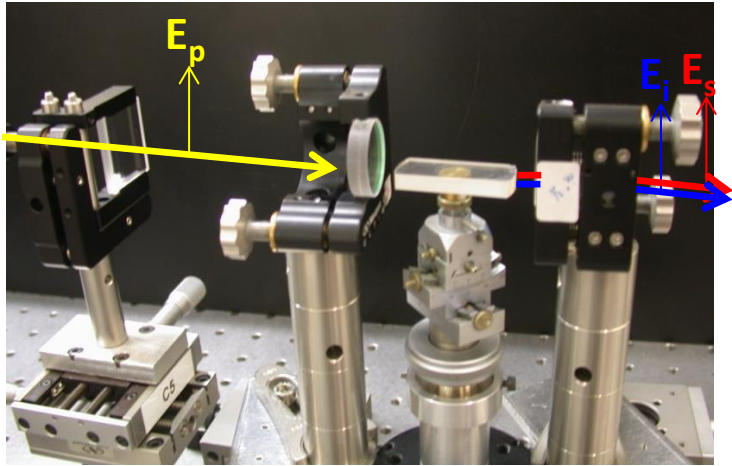
$$\hbar k_3 = \hbar k_1 + \hbar k_2$$

Optical Parametric Oscillation (OPO)

when the process is resonant
at ω_1 and/or ω_2

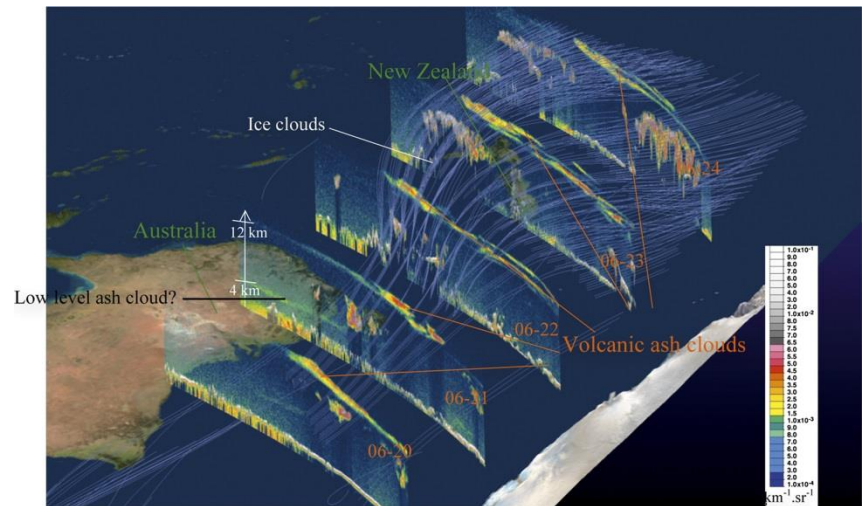
Examples of Optical Parametric Oscillators (OPO)

A new tunable OPO



Kemlin, Jegouso, Debray, Segonds, Boulanger, Menaert, Ishizuki, Taira, Opt. Lett. (2013)

The LIDAR : an eye in the atmosphere

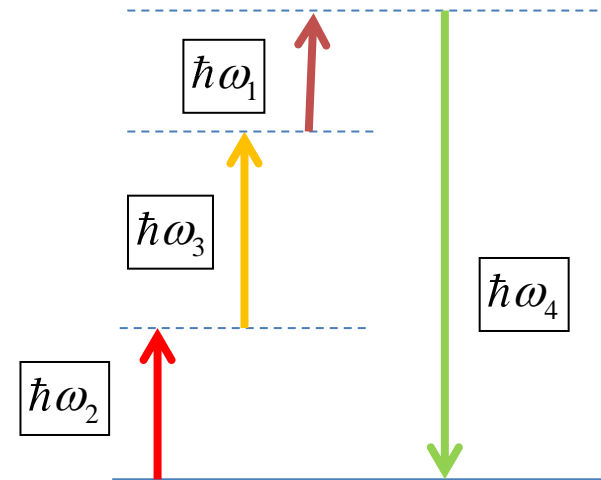
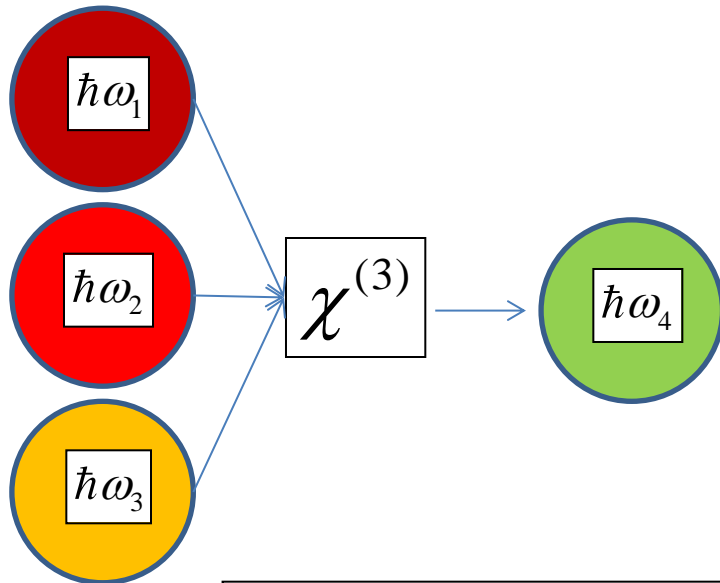


Nonlinear four-photon processes

Fusion of three photons



Sum-Frequency Generation
(Up conversion)



$$\hbar\omega_1 + \hbar\omega_2 + \hbar\omega_3 = \hbar\omega_4$$

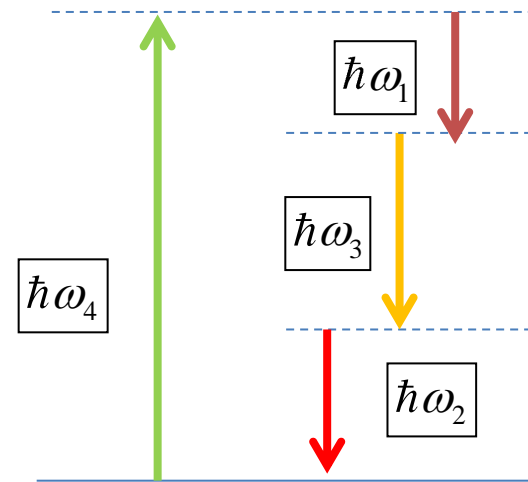
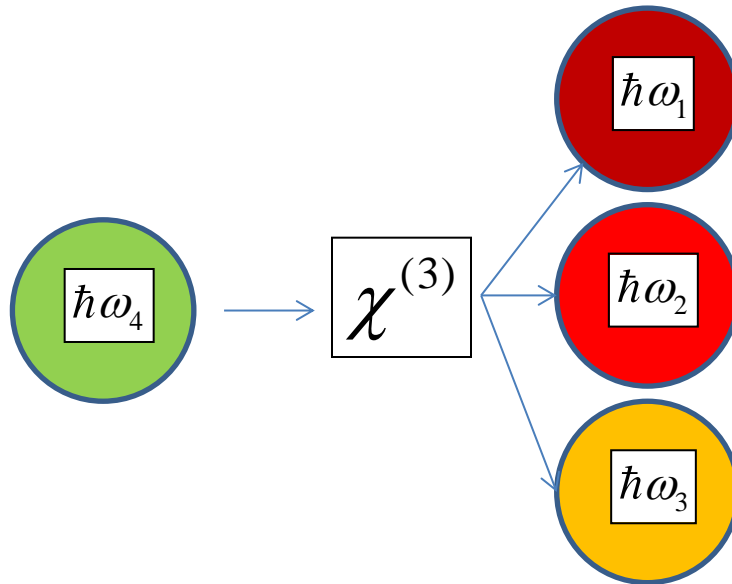
$$\hbar k_1 + \hbar k_2 + \hbar k_3 = \hbar k_4$$

$\omega_1 = \omega_2 = \omega_3$
in the case of
Third Harmonic
Generation (THG)

Spontaneous splitting
of one photon into three



Parametric Fluorescence
(Down conversion)



$$\hbar\omega_4 = \hbar\omega_1 + \hbar\omega_2 + \hbar\omega_3$$

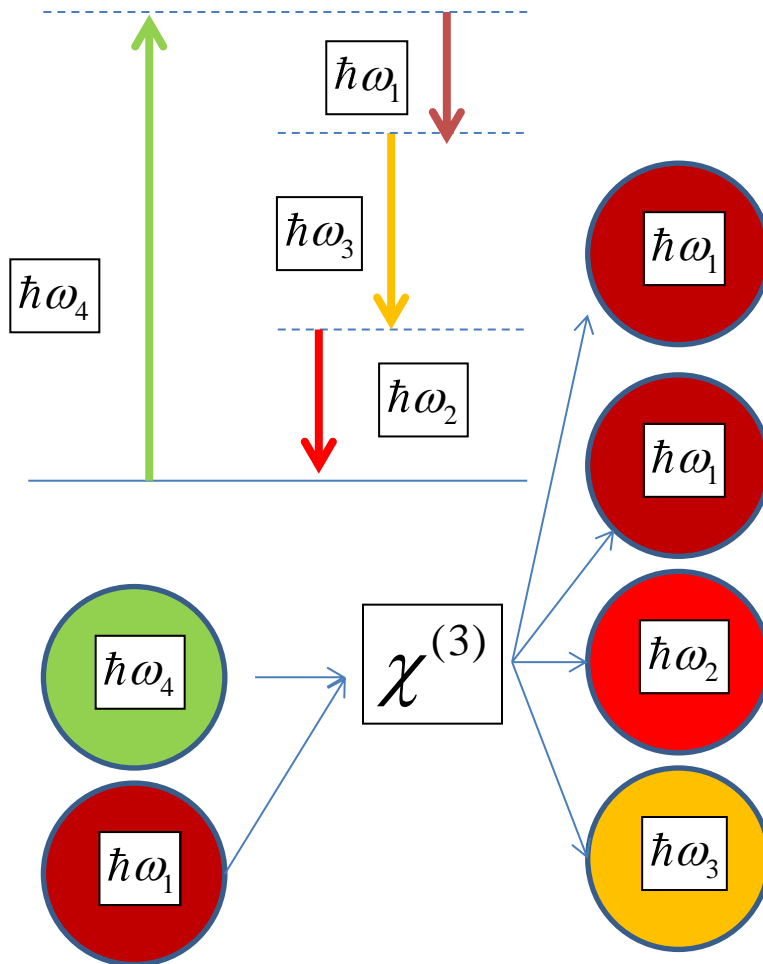
$$\hbar k_4 = \hbar k_1 + \hbar k_2 + \hbar k_3$$

The exact reverse of
three-photon fusion

Single-Stimulated splitting
of one photon into three



Difference-Frequency Generation
Optical Parametric Amplification
(Down conversion)



Optical Parametric Amplification (OPA)
@ ω_1

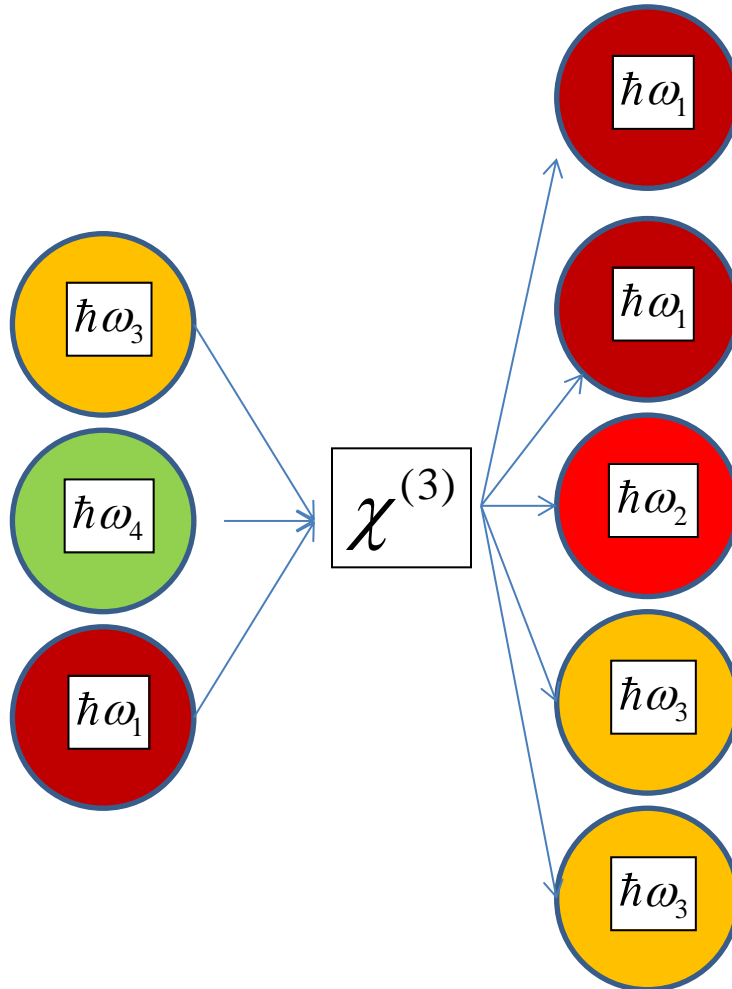
Difference-Frequency
Generation (DFG)
@ ω_2 & ω_3

Idem for a stimulation
@ ω_2 or ω_3

Double-Stimulated splitting
of one photon into three



Difference-Frequency Generation
Optical Parametric Amplification
(Down conversion)



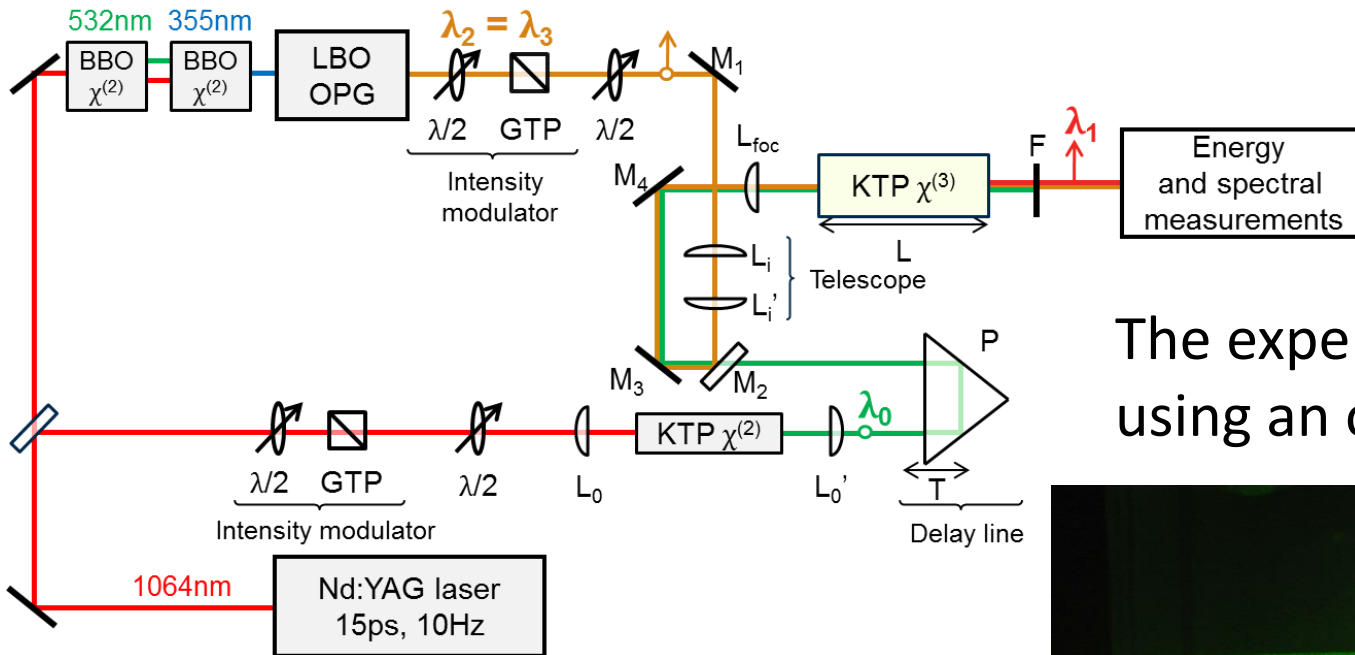
Optical Parametric Amplification (OPA)
@ ω_1

Difference-Frequency
Generation (DFG)
@ ω_2 & ω_3

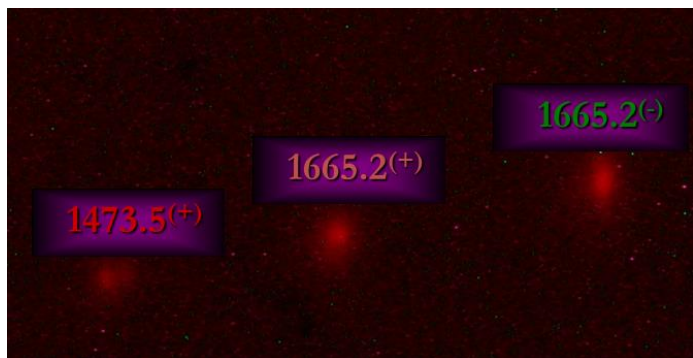
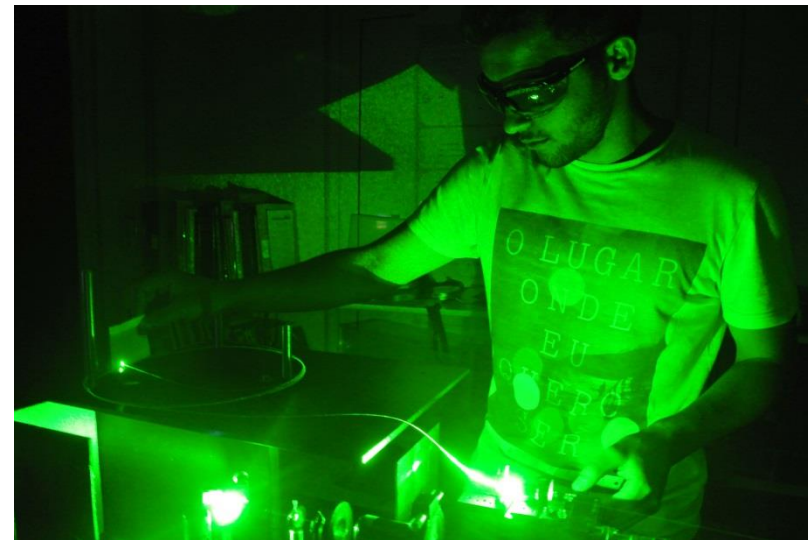
Optical Parametric Amplification (OPA)
@ ω_3

The triplet of photons : a new state of light

The pioneer experiment using a KTP crystal



The experiment in progress using an optical fiber



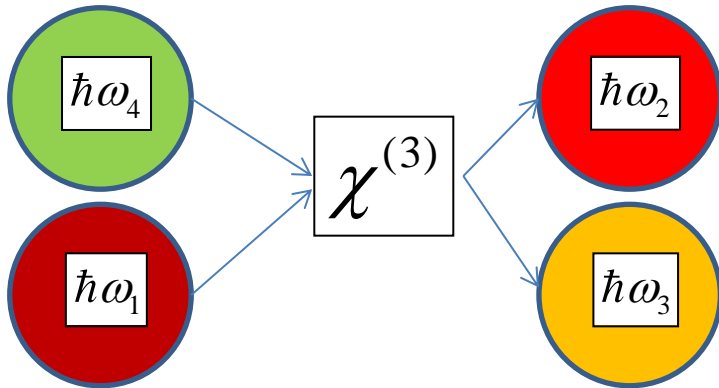
Douady & Boulanger
Optics Letters 29(23) (2004)

Boulanger, Ducci, Gérard
La Recherche, Hors Série, N° 14 (2015)

Photon fusion/splitting



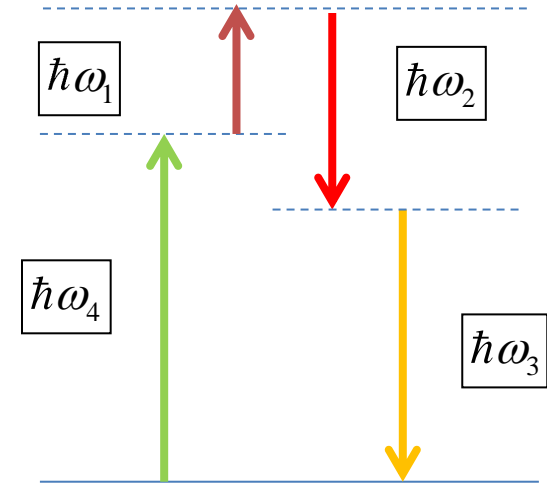
Four-wave mixing (FWM)



$$\hbar\omega_4 + \hbar\omega_1 = \hbar\omega_2 + \hbar\omega_3$$

$$\hbar k_4 + \hbar k_1 = \hbar k_2 + \hbar k_3$$

$\omega_1 = \omega_2 = \omega_3 = \omega_4$ in the case of
degeneracy



Kerr effect

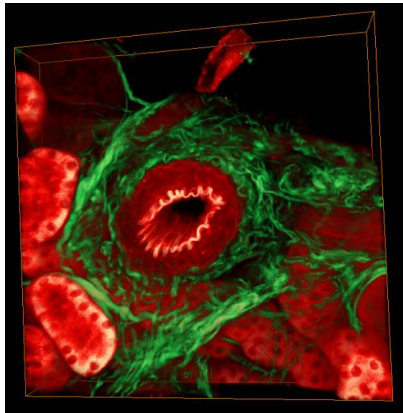
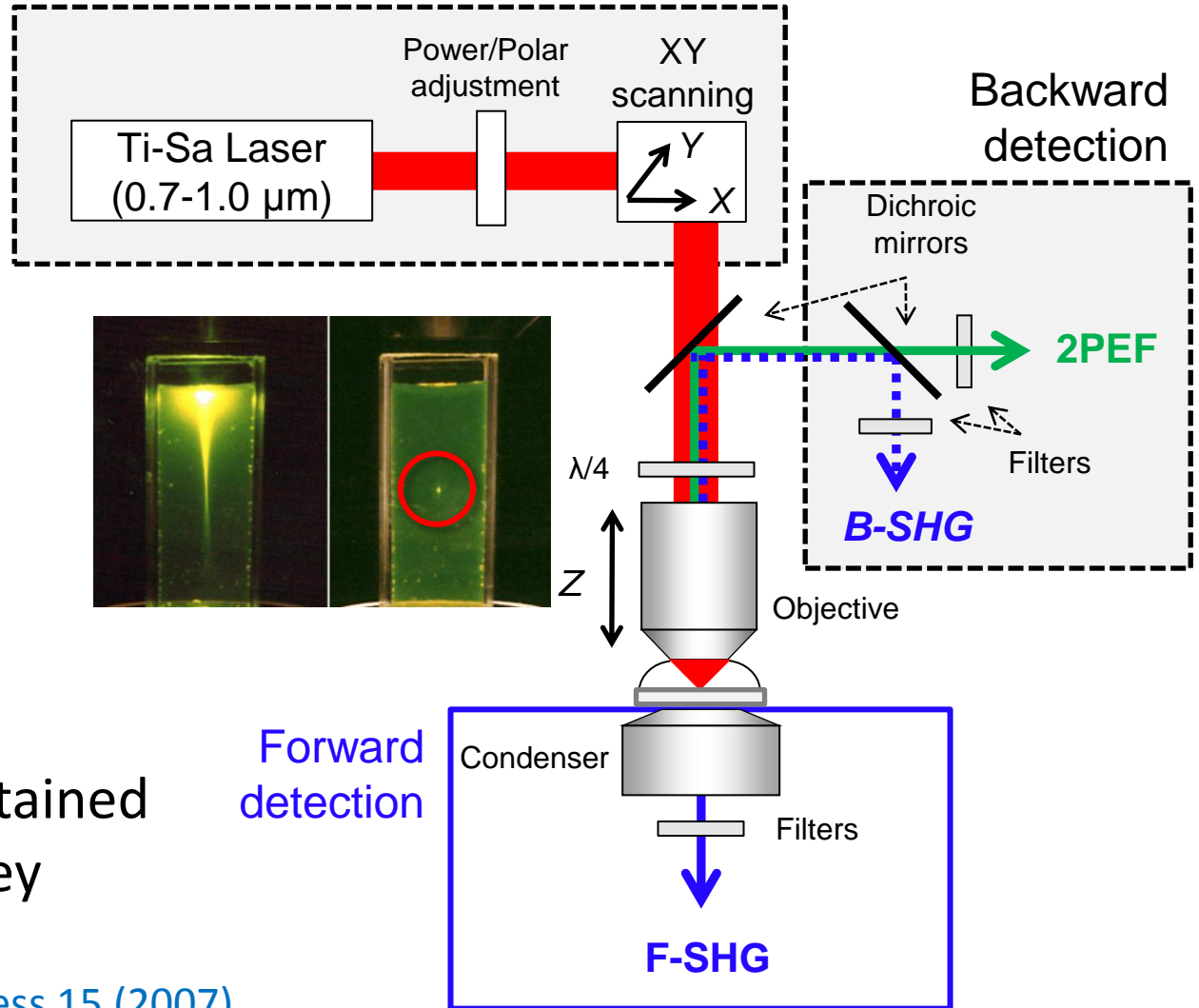
$$\text{Re}\{\chi^{(3)}\}$$

Two-Photon
Absorption

$$\text{Im}\{\chi^{(3)}\}$$

Used in multiphoton microscopy : spatial resolution

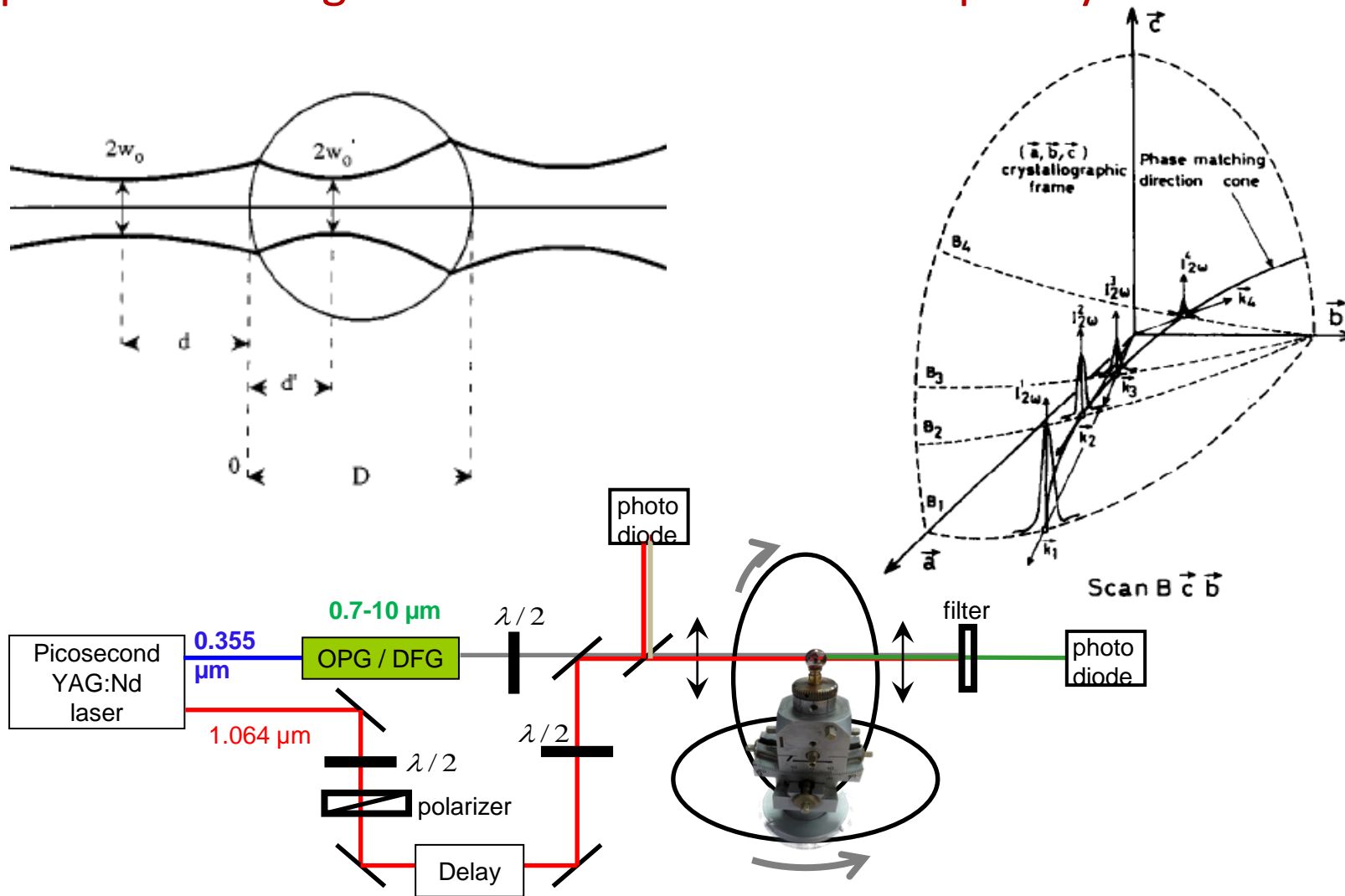
Laser scanning
excitation



arcuate artery in unstained
fibrotic murine kidney

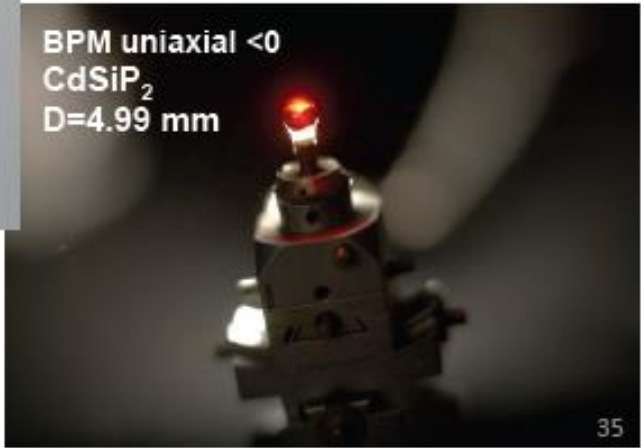
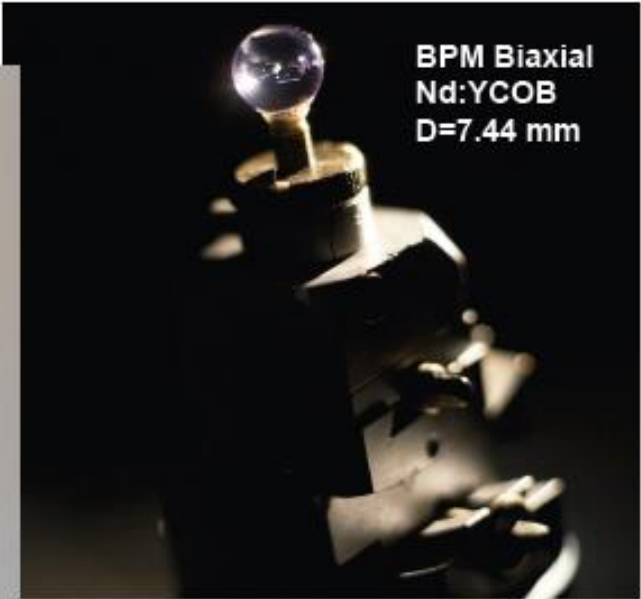
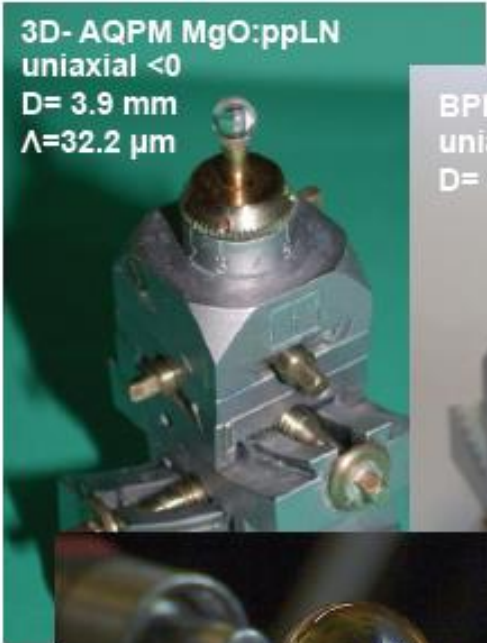
M. Strupler et al, Opt. Express 15 (2007)

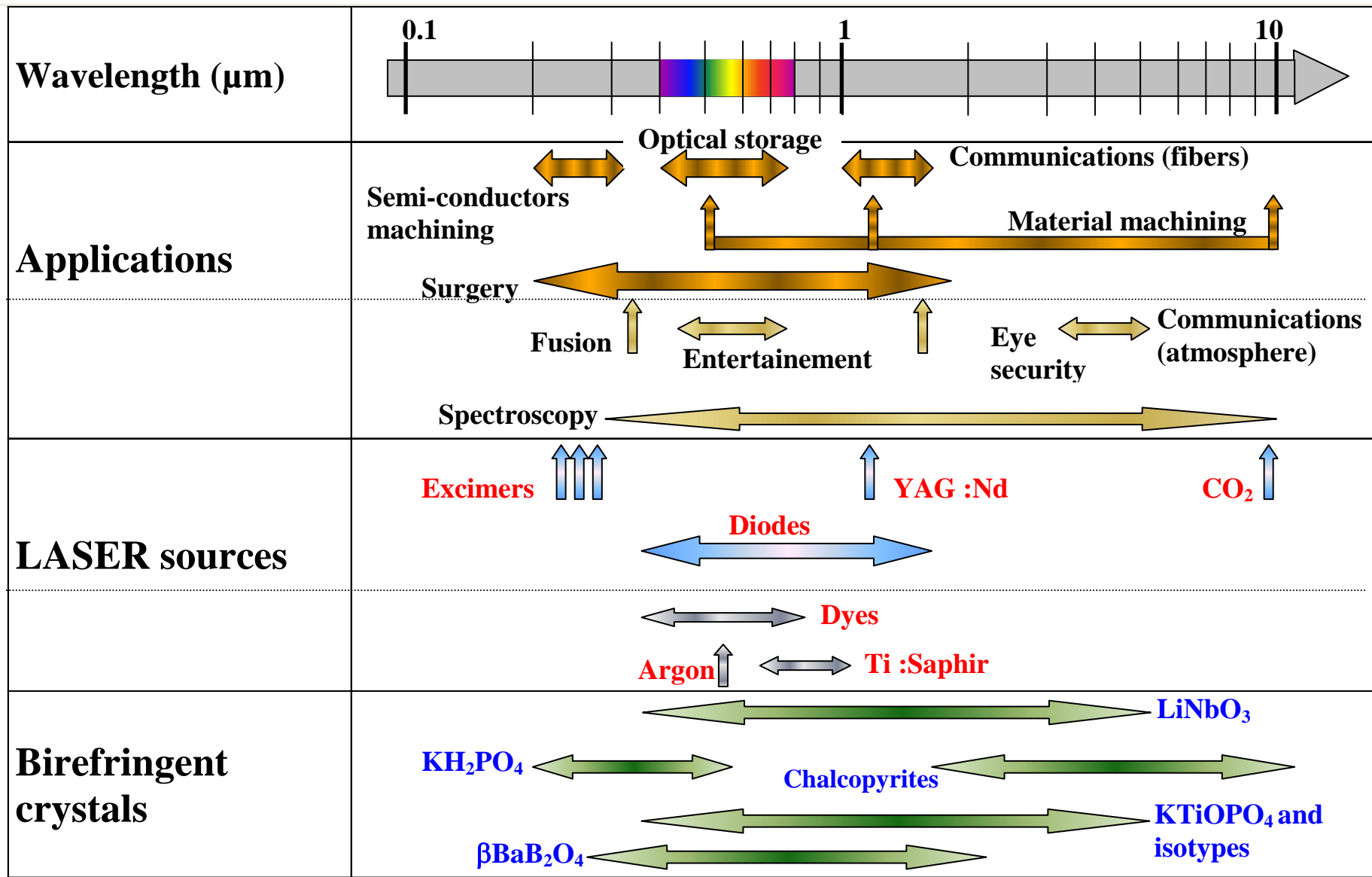
The sphere method : a unique tool for the direct measurement of phase-matching directions for nonlinear frequency conversion



Marnier & Boulanger, Opt. Com. 72 (1989) & Boulanger, Segonds, Ménaert, Zaccaro, Opt. Mat. 26 (2004)

Example of crystal spheres cyt and studied at Institut Néel





Boulanger and Fève, Encyclopedia of Electrical and Electronical Engineering, Vol 15, J.G. Webster Ed., Wiley, New York

**THANK YOU VERY MUCH
FOR YOUR
ATTENTION**

